

EDITED BY  
JAMES A. HOYT and W. W. HUMPHREYS.

D. T. H., Lowndesville, S. C., is informed that \$5 pays for three months. Our books are credited accordingly.

We are requested to state that an extra Convocation of Burning Bush Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., will be held at the Chapter Room on Monday next at 5 o'clock P. M.

Rumor  
Reports Danville, Virginia, evacuated, and Salisbury, North Carolina, destroyed. We only give it for what it is worth.

Promoted.  
Col. T. M. Logan, of the Hampton Legion, has been made a Brigadier General, and assigned to the command of Butler's old cavalry Brigade.

The State Military Academies  
Are to be located at Greenville, S. C. We understand the magnificent buildings of the Furman University will be used for that purpose.

The Post-Master at Belton  
Is informed, that in the absence of the Editor, his communication is withheld for the present. The Intelligencer is disposed to give justice to all, and respectfully suggests, that it is passing strange, how the Intelligencer reaches Belton, on Wednesday, when it is published on Thursday. Does the Post-Master at Belton mean that he receives it one day before, or six days after its issue?

Col. E. P. Jones.  
We are gratified to learn, made his escape, before Richmond fell into the hands of the Yankees. He has filled the responsible office of Agent for South Carolina Troops in Virginia, with honor to himself and his State, while his uniform kindness has endeared him to every soldier with whom he came in contact. He is now at his home in Greenville.

Negro Troops.  
The call, under Act of Congress placing negroes in the army as soldiers, is being nobly responded to by Virginia. She has borne the burden of this cruel war for four long years; from her fertile fields bountiful supplies have been gathered to feed our army, contending upon her soil for the cause of truth and liberty; her beautiful capital has been sacked, ruined and passed into the hands of our foes—her fair women, who have been angels of mercy to our brothers from every section of the sunny South, have been left to endure the indignities and insults of a barbarous foe; but her manhood and patriotic devotion rises far above every reverse, and she cheerfully brings forward her negro men, to be used as our authorities may deem proper, for the best interests of our country, and already a large number have been mustered into service.

We hope when the call is made upon South Carolina, that she will nobly and cheerfully respond. From the accounts given of the conduct of the negroes in this State where Sherman passed through we have no hesitation, in saying, that it would be greatly to the interests of the individual owner of slaves to put them in the army rather than permit them to pass into the hands of the Yankees.

Montgomery.  
From the Macon Confederacy, we are informed that Montgomery was captured, on the 12th of April.

Gen. Forrest has done everything that could be done to check the enemy, but for want of men, has been wholly unable to do so.

The force of the enemy in central Alabama, is estimated at twenty-five thousand men, fifteen thousand of whom are mounted infantry.

The force which advanced against Selma, was estimated at nine thousand mounted infantry, while Gen. Forrest had for its defence, only seventeen hundred men, seven hundred of whom were captured.

The latest news from the same source, represents considerable fighting going on at Mobile. Great apprehensions are felt in regard to the situation of Mobile, as it is by no means certain that the garrison can sustain itself during a protracted siege, with the number of non-combatants now in the city who must draw heavily on the subsistence supplies. If Mobile should be given up, our forces will most probably go in the direction of Meridian, and doubtless have a long, tire some, and hazardous march.

Our Duty.  
In the darkness of trial and reverse, it well becomes a people struggling for liberty and independence, to inquire the pathway of duty. For four long and sorrowful years this war has raged with increasing fury, and perhaps our skies have never been darker than to-day. Many of our fair cities, in our continued succession, have recently fallen into the hands of our enemy—our country, in many places has been over-run and everything destroyed—thousands of helpless women and children have been left homeless and penniless upon the cold charities of the world, while in the future we can see no hope of any speedy termination of this unholy war, or cessation of that suffering which so many of our people have endured at the hands of our enemy. It is true that the greater part of our men have been in the front and have fought nobly for our cause; in every contest adding new lustre to the glory of our arms, notwithstanding the demoralizing influence exerted over them by many of the people at home, whose principal service for the country has consisted in earnest efforts to dispirit and dishearten our soldiers. In some few instances those efforts have been successful, and have caused the soldier after three long years of hardship and danger, to bury the proud ensign of his honor and desert his country. Should such things continue to exist? Is it right for those who have avoided the contest of arms, to dishearten those who have endured every hardship and braved every danger? No! No! Let every patriot in this time of trial, look, speak and act hope fully and cheerfully for his country. All that we hold sacred or esteem dear in this world is involved in this war, and to us is left no alternative but to fight it out, or voluntarily surrender everything for which a freeman should live, and make ourselves the slaves of our enemy.

To retreat, with us, is more dangerous than to advance, and it will be far better for us to exhaust every resource than permit the foe to enslave us. If every city and town in the entire land shall pass under their destroying hand, still, we may be free if we only will it so. Our soldiers may act badly—our generals may commit glaring and serious blunders—the Executive may be guilty of mismanagement, but let us as a people give to

The Situation.  
From the latest and most reliable information which we have been enabled to gather, we are induced to believe that Gen. Johnston has withdrawn from Sherman's front between Raleigh and Goldsboro, and that he has evacuated Raleigh and fallen back in the direction and perhaps to Hillsborough, on the North Carolina Central Railroad. If this be true, it leaves exposed to our enemies a great portion of the old North State, and opens an extensive field of operation to the base party in North Carolina who have used every effort to disgrace the State, and destroy our cause since the commencement of this bloody struggle.

From Gen. Lee's army we absolutely hear nothing. His last position was at Farmville, on the South Side Railroad, running from Petersburg to Lynchburg and about twenty-five miles from Burkeville the junction of the South Side and Danville Railroad, and in the direction of Lynchburg. Grant was pursuing and heavy fighting was going on, on the 6th inst. No particulars.

We know nothing of the future movements of this veteran army, but of one thing we may rest assured: Its line of retreat will not be in this direction. The Carolinians in their impoverished condition could not possibly sustain it. We may therefore fairly assume that there is considerable plausibility in the theory which assigns Tennessee and Kentucky as the new theatre of its brilliant operations during the spring and summer, with Nashville as an objective point. Whether the citizens of these States are willing to welcome us back among them as brothers again, whether they are willing to lay aside the yoke of bondage and oppression, and rally around the Confederate banner, work out the salvation of these down-trodden States, and bear a strong hand in achieving the independence and liberty of this Confederacy, are questions which yet remain to be answered.

By Gen. Lee's plans for the summer whatever they may be, it seems almost certain that Virginia for the present is to fall into the possession of her foes. How sad to lose her! It is recorded in Roman story that there was a Virginia, whose life was taken by her father's hand, to save her from the power, pollution and shame of a tyrant. Her father in striking the fatal blow, exclaimed, "Go free and pure to thy mother and thy ancestors." Her blood did not flow in vain. It redeemed the freedom of Rome. Future historians will proudly record a Virginia, who to save herself and her sisters from oppression and tyranny, nobly bared her bosom to the sword. Bled, richer than Roman, has poured from her veins, and lives more precious than Rome had to give, have been cheerfully offered by her. Rather than submit to disgrace and bondage, she has been willing to die with the simple benediction, "Go free and pure." Her blood and treasure has been a costly sacrifice for liberty and independence; shall independence be lost or liberty betrayed? Our future deeds must answer. Our enemies can never conquer us unless our spirits are first subdued.

The Fight at Ashville.  
We have been furnished with the following particulars of the fight at Ashville, North Carolina. About 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon considerable excitement was created by the report, "the Yankees are in town." Soldiers flew around, soldiers were ordered to arms and a decidedly lively scene of excitement, generally prevailed. It seems that a body of Federal troops, under Col. Kiny, estimated at from six to twelve hundred, had reached the immediate vicinity of Ashville without their presence being known by our very vigilant guard, and a few of their advance guard actually came inside the corporation, capturing five or six prisoners and returned to the main body.

Our troops at Ashville under arms, were soon brought in front of the enemy, and a brisk skirmish at long range ensued. Confederates lost two wounded, while the Federals are reported to have lost three or four wounded. Night with its mantle of darkness, put an end to the bloody scenes of the hard contested field. About 10 o'clock, the enemy fell back down the river towards the Warm Springs, pursued, but not overtaken that we are informed, by a body of cavalry. This is a beautiful commentary upon the vigilance and energy of our officers and men charged with the defence of our exposed towns and villages.

For the Intelligencer.  
William Tecumseh Sherman.  
The parents of the individual whose name heads this article, in selecting for their offspring the name of "Tecumseh," may almost be said to have possessed the gift of prescience, for so completely has he outstripped his illustrious prototype in the art of savage warfare, that the latter may now be fairly ranked as a model of civilized humanity.

In the letter recently published over the signature of the Rev. Dr. Lawrence O'Connell, containing a graphic account of the atrocities committed during the sack of Columbia, by the robber band under the leadership of this modern Attila, we think a slight act of unintentional injustice has been meted out to Sherman in assigning to him a subordinate position in the scale of infamy to the one so long occupied by the world renowned BEAST BUTLER. Conceding it however, to be true, for it is so stated in the Rev. Dr. gentleman's letter, that while Sherman occupied Columbia he did repress the perpetration of those darker crimes to which allusion is made, in the letter in question, and for which due credit is therein accorded him—still it is nevertheless equally true, that at other places along the line of his track of desolation, the commission of those crimes, so far from having been repressed, were actually perpetrated upon several occasions without any attempt at restraint. Be that however as it may, on one point at least, there can hardly exist a difference of opinion, namely, in addition to the epithet of incendiary with which the Rev. Dr. gentleman has so appropriately stigmatized him, even handed justice demands, that we should not withhold from him two other equally well earned epithets, namely, Burglar and Thief.

With three such incontestable titles to ignominy, and withal so meritoriously earned; super-added to which, three others equally incontestable, namely, Druggist, Liar and Coward; we think Sherman fairly entitled to contest the palm of infamy with his renowned compeer the BEAST. Thus exhibiting to the world another specimen of a Yankee moral monstrosity, "To paint a moral or adorn a tale."

His Excellency, President Davis, will, we understand, remove his family to Abbeville for the present.

We clip the following items from the New-Herald of Tuesday:  
PERSONAL.—General Hood and Mrs. Jeff. Davis and family passed through our town on Sunday. We were pleased to notice, also, the Hon. Porcher Miles, and Dr. W. T. Wragg, the former stopping at the Martin House, and the latter the guest of Dr. Ogier.  
SALISBURY, N. C. was attacked on Wednesday the 12th, at daylight, by Stoneman's raiders 6000 in number. "Our force," only 500 strong, could make but feeble resistance, and being at once surrounded, were nearly all captured. But few were wounded. Out of the number it is supposed

confined. Among the many, were that Charlotte had fallen into Stoneman's hands, and that he was marching on Chester, leaving up the railroad as he came along. This is not believed. It is supposed now that Stoneman has not reached Charlotte yet, nor has it been evacuated. The rumor that Gen. Lee has been captured is entirely unfounded, and it is believed to be a lie of the enemy's.

Northern News.  
Gen. Sherman was at the late council of war before Richmond.  
Gen. Cook has been assigned to the command of cavalry in Grant's army.  
The Herald is sanguine that "the war will soon be over."  
Sheridan with his cavalry have started on a raid on the South side of the James river.  
Sherman claims a complete victory at Bentonville, N. C.  
Stoneman is on a grand raid in South-west Virginia.

The order to prevent travelers from abroad to enter the port of New York without passports is to be strictly enforced.  
Sherman has the railroad repaired between Wilmington and Goldsboro.  
A large amount of railroad stock was captured at Wilmington.

Lincoln has published a proclamation of amnesty to all Yankee deserters who return to their commands before the 10th of May next.  
The Chesapeake and Ohio canal has been so damaged recently by floods, that it will take till midsummer to repair it.  
The property of John Sibley and Judah P. Benjamin has been condemned as forfeited to the United States Government in the District Court at New Orleans.  
The Louisville Journal reports that guerrillas are increasing in numbers and boldness infesting the State to so great an extent and dangerous to the peace and prosperity of the people, forcing an exodus of the citizens in large numbers, who are emigrating to other and safer places in other States and more peaceful homes elsewhere.

Tallow Wanted!  
WANTED, FIFTY POUNDS OF TALLOW, for which the highest price will be paid.  
W. S. KEESSE.  
April 20, 1865 12 2

Salt! Salt!  
TO BE EXCHANGED FOR FODDER. Apply to WM. MATTHESEN.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

Notice.  
ALL persons having demands against the estate of Warren D. Forsyth, dec'd, are hereby requested to render them, on or before the first day of May next, or they will be barred by payment.  
P. M. GLENN, Adm'r.  
April 20th 1865 12 2

For Provision & Factory Yarn.  
A VERY GOOD gentleman's SADDLE and first class CAVALRY BRIDLE—also, a CORN & COB MILL, at the Little Giant Patent. Farmers wanting stock would do well to enquire at.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

Notice to the Stockholders of the Greenville & Columbia R. R. Co.  
THE Company will meet at the Depot at Greenville, on Thursday, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock. By order of the Board.  
C. V. CARINGTON, Secretary.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

THE PLANTERS & MECHANIC'S BANK, S. C.  
ABBEVILLE VILLAGE, 17th April, 1865.  
THE Annual Election for THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this BANK, will be held at its office in this place, on MONDAY, the 1st MAY ensuing, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 1 o'clock, P. M.  
Stockholders may vote either in person or proxy.  
W. E. HARRIS, LL.D. Cashier.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

Notice.  
THE Board of Commissioners of Roads and Bridges, propose to change the Road leading from Anderson to Andersonville, so as to pass Taylor's old Saw Mill. Unless objections are made, on or before the first Friday in July next, said change will be established.  
E. J. EARLE, Clerk.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

To Royal Arch Masons.  
A REGULAR Convocation of Burning Bush Chapter, No. 7, will be held in the Chapter Room, at Anderson C. H. S. C., on the evening of the 2d Monday in May, at 7 o'clock, at which time and place every Companion who gets this notice will appear. By order of the High Priest.  
ISHAM W. TAYLOR, Sec. Pro. Tem.  
April 20 1865 12 3

State of South Carolina.  
ADJ'T & INSPECTOR GEN'L'S OFFICE,  
Union C. H., February 23, 1865.  
I, LIEUT. COLONEL JAS. H. EASON, special Aid to His Excellency, is charged with the superintendence of the State Works at Greenville, S. C. as the representative of the Governor, he will be obeyed and respected accordingly.  
By order: WM. F. NANCE, A. A. G.  
April 20, 1865 12 2

TO THE FARMERS  
OF  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
A superior article of STEEL HOES, FACTORY YARN and SHIRTING, for sale by  
ELIAS WEBB,  
No. 8 Brick Range.  
April 20, 1865 12 2

NOTICE.  
THE members of CAPT. WALLACE'S, (formerly EARLE'S) Company of Cavalry, who are now at home, are hereby notified that their Company has been transferred to the 19th Battalion So. C. Cavalry, and has been ordered to join the command under Lieut. Gen. Hampton in North Carolina. All absentees from this and other Companies of the Battalion who may be in Anderson, Pickens and Greenville Districts will report without delay to Col. W. W. PENNYMAN, at Greenville, S. C., for instructions as how they shall rejoin their command.  
W. L. TRENHOLM, Lt. Col. 19th Bat. S. C. C.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

WAR TAX!  
I WILL ATTEND at Belton on the 25th of this month, and at Anderson C. H. the 26th, and 27th, for the purpose of collecting the balance of the Confederate States Taxes now due and payable. All persons who fail to pay their Taxes within thirty days thereafter will be dealt with according to law.  
M. S. MCCAY, Coll. of S. D. Dist.  
I WILL ATTEND at the above-named times and places, for the purpose of finishing the Assessment of the Taxes for the year 1864. The law will be put strictly in force against all persons failing to make returns to me at those times or within fifteen days thereafter.  
Taxpayers may make their returns to R. N. Wm. Esq., or to myself.  
JOHN C. GRIFFIN, Assessor for 3d Coll. Dist. S. C.  
April 20, 1865 12 1

TO ROYAL ARCH MASONS OF SO. CA.  
COMPAÑIONS: Our Grand High Priest, Dr. A. G. MAGRATH, being within the lines of the enemy, and beyond the reach of our correspondence, I assume the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the General Grand Chapter, of granting Dispensations, receiving Communications, &c., until the Grand Chapter of South Carolina shall otherwise order and provide.  
Given under my hand and seal at Edgefield C. H., this 22d day of March in the Year of Light 5865, and of the Discovery 2395.  
ANDREW RAMSAY, [L. S.]  
Deputy Grand High Priest.

Papers friendly to the cause will please notice.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
COLUMBIA, 27th March, 1865.  
THE invasion of the State has rendered it proper that the Legislative Department of the Government should be convened, that such measures be adopted as the welfare of the State may require. And for that purpose the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina are hereby invited to assemble at Greenville, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of APRIL, 1865, at 12 O'clock, A. M.

By the Governor,  
A. G. MAGRATH.  
Official:  
WILLIAM S. ELLIOTT, Private Secretary.  
April 6, 1865 10 3  
Every Paper in the State will insert until the day fixed for the meeting of the General Assembly.

T. SAVAGE HEYWARD,  
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
241 BROAD STREET, AUGUSTA, GA.  
Store formerly occupied by Danl. Wilcox, Esq.  
WILL give prompt attention to the Sale and purchase of REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, BONDS, PERSONAL PROPERTY, MERCHANDISE or PRODUCE, at public or private sale.  
Refer to Col. John W. Wren and Maj. K. L. SIMONS, Anderson C. H., S. C.  
April 18, 1865 11

COTTON YARNS! COTTON YARNS!!  
SHEETING & OSNABURGS,  
IRON & LEATHER,  
GIVEN IN EXCHANGE for Provisions or Forage, or for Cotton. Apply at  
Perryville Depot or Shiloh Potash Works.  
April 13, 1865 11 2

A CARD.  
THE undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Anderson and surrounding Districts, that he is prepared to execute  
Gummitting, Engraving,  
Jewelry Repairing, &c.,  
at the shortest notice, in the best workman-like manner.  
His shop will be found first door South of the Benson House.  
D. HURLBERT.  
April 6, 1865 10 4

BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.  
THE subscriber informs the public that he has opened a Shop for BOOT AND SHOE MAKING, in the second story of the old M. Dabbling Store, and is now prepared to do all kind of work in his line, at the very lowest prices that can be afforded. My terms are CASH on delivery, or I will work at old prices for provisions.  
F. M. MORGAN.  
April 6, 1865 10 1

TEACHER WANTED.  
A SOUTHERN LADY, a Refugee, fully competent to teach the English branches well, and music on Piano. Age from 20 to 30. A liberal salary will be paid; pupils three or four. Residence eight miles from Pendleton on Blue Ridge R. R. Post Office, Pendleton, So. Ca. Reference—Col. John T. SIMONS. Credentials will be required.  
J. OVERTON LEWIS.  
April 6, 1865 10 3

Headquarters,  
RESERVE FORCES, FIFTH CONG. DIST.,  
ANDERSON C. H., S. C., April 3, 1865.  
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 5.  
LIEUT. JAMES A. HOYT is hereby announced as Adjutant of this command, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.  
F. E. HARRISON, Col. Comd'g.  
April 6, 1865 10 3

AXE MEN WANTED!  
WANTED, for two months, any number of good AXE MEN, for which will be paid one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) per month, the owners furnishing rations. Apply to  
JAMES SEABORN,  
Perryville, S. C.  
April 13, 1865 11 5

BRING YOUR LEATHER!  
IF YOU WANT BOOTS OR SHOES made in the best manner, and at short notice, BRING YOUR LEATHER to the undersigned.  
F. M. MORGAN,  
No. 2 Granite Row,  
Up Stairs.  
April 13, 1865 11 1

To the Public.  
I HEREBY give notice that it is useless to call upon me for my DOGS, as I will not have them run, neither will I lend them to any one.  
J. R. COCHRAN.  
April 13, 1865 11 2

Surveyor's Instruments.  
I WILL OFFER to the highest bidder on Saturday in May next, at Anderson C. H., a full and splendid set of SURVEYOR'S INSTRUMENTS.  
MARY U. ACKER.  
April 11, 1865 11 3

Salt and Cotton Yarn  
TO EXCHANGE FOR PROVISIONS of any kind. Apply to Mrs. L. E. COCHRAN, at the Benson House.  
April 13, 1865 11 1

LEATHER FOR CORN!  
PERSONS who wish to give CORN or FLOUR in exchange for LEATHER, will call on  
J. B. MCGEE, Anderson, S. C.  
March 16, 1865 11 1

WANTED  
IN the neighborhood of Smyrna Church, Abbeville District, a good English Teacher. None need apply except they can well recommend.  
JOHN C. SPEER.  
April 6, 1865 10 4

TO RENT.  
A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE for a genteel family, three fourths of a mile from Pendleton Village. Apply at this Office.  
April 6, 1865 10 3

Railroad Iron  
To exchange for BACON and LARD.  
WANTED, at which

Headquarters,  
7th REGIMENT S. C. CAVALRY,  
CAMP NEAR RICHMOND, March 10, 1865.  
OFFICERS and Soldiers of the SEVENTH SOUTH CAROLINA CAVALRY, who are now absent without leave, are called upon to return, without delay to their command.  
Many brave men linger to protect their suffering homes or to engage the enemy upon their own soil—towards make the same excuse—but by remaining absent from their posts in the army they weaken our strength and postpone the hour of victory and peace.  
Soldiers must promptly return or be published as "deserters," arrested as "deserters" and punished as "deserters."  
The destruction of railroads is no excuse. Brave men will make their journey on foot, or on horseback, and rejoin their posts of duty in the army. It will be no excuse to a soldier that he is doing duty in another command; this can only be permitted by an order from the Commander-in-Chief—without his order it is a military crime.  
It is especially urged upon men to bring with them good horses; being dismounted will not obtain for them new furloughs, but transfers to infantry.  
A. C. HASKELL,  
Colonel 7th Regiment S. C. Cavalry.  
April 6, 1865 10 4

JUST RECEIVED.  
BROWN SHIRTING,  
BROWN SHEETING,  
FACTORY YARN,  
PLANTER'S HOES,  
COTTON CARDS,  
SOLE LEATHER,  
SUMMER COATS,  
TALLOW CANDLES,  
PEARL STARCH,  
LETTER & CAP PAPER,  
SMOKING TOBACCO,  
POCKET KNIVES,  
For sale by  
W. S. KEESSE,  
No. 9, Brick Range.  
March 30, 1865 9 3

Assessments—Tax in Kind.  
I WILL attend at the following places for the purpose of making ASSESSMENTS OF BACON—Persons who have failed to make their Returns for 1863 and 1864, of Wheat, Oats, Rye, Wool, Corn, Fodder, Molasses, &c., will now have an opportunity of making said Returns. No longer indulgence can be given.  
Producers are requested to be prompt in making their Returns.  
J. C. Eaton's, March 31st; Giam Shearer's, April 1st; Robert Smith, 3d; Cantonville, 4th; Houth Path, 6th; Condon, 6th; Williamson, 7th; Belton, 8th; Overhill, 10th; White Plains, 11th; Long's Store, 12th; W. D. Sisson's, 13th; McCann's, 14th; Mrs. Milliver's, 15th; McChinn's, 17th; Holland's, 18th; Anderson C. H., May 1, 10, and 11th; Cross Roads, May 24; Moffatville, 3d and 4th; J. P. Tucker's, 5th; Storeville, 6th; Kay's Shop, 8th.  
C. L. REID,  
Assessor Tax in Kind,  
3d Collection District.  
March 30, 1865 9 6

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN EQUITY.  
Mrs. Elizabeth McFarland vs. Bill for Partition Personal Estate, &c.  
Thomas A. Wideman and wife Mary Ann, and others.  
Appearing to my satisfaction, that Thomas A. Wideman and wife Mary Ann Wideman, defendants in the case, reside in the limits of this State, it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear in this Court, within three months from the publication of this rule, and plead, answer or demur, to the Bill filed against them, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them.  
A. O. NORRIS, C. E. A. D.  
Comr's. Office, Anderson C. H., 10 3m  
March 22, 1865.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN EQUITY.  
Mrs. Elizabeth Simpson vs. Bill for Partition Real Estate, &c.  
Mrs. Sarah Perry, William Simpson, Henry Simpson, and others.  
Appearing to my satisfaction, that Mrs. Sarah Perry, William Simpson, Henry Simpson and Jane White, defendants in this case, reside from and beyond the limits of this State: On motion of Harrison & Whitner, Comp. Sols. It is ordered, that they appear in this Honorable Court, within three months from the publication of this rule, and plead, answer or demur, to the said Bill of complaint, or the same will be taken as pro confesso as to them.  
A. O. NORRIS, C. E. A. D.  
Comr's. Office, Anderson C. H., 9 3m  
March 22, 1865.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN EQUITY.  
Martha Smith, vs. Bill for Partition Real and Personal Estate.  
Franklin Smith, and James Carpenter wife and others.  
Appearing to my satisfaction, that Franklin Smith, Balis Smith, James Carpenter and wife Mary Margaret Carpenter, defendants in the case, reside beyond the limits of this State: On motion of Harrison & Whitner, Comp. Sols. It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear in this Court, within three months from the publication of this rule, and plead, answer or demur, to the Bill filed against them, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them.  
A. O. NORRIS, C. E. A. D.  
Comr's. Office, Anderson C. H., 9 3m  
March 22, 1865.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN EQUITY.  
Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, vs. Bill for Partition Real and Personal Estate.  
Franklin Smith, Balis Smith, James Carpenter and wife and others.  
Appearing to my satisfaction, that Franklin Smith, Balis Smith, James Carpenter and wife Mary Margaret Carpenter, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State: On motion of Harrison & Whitner, Comp. Sols. It is therefore ordered, that the said defendants do appear in this Court, within three months after the publication of this rule, and plead, answer or demur, to the Bill filed against them, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them.  
A. O. NORRIS, C. E. A. D.  
Comr's. Office, Anderson C. H., 9 3m  
March 22, 1865.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.  
WHEREAS, Robert A. King, Executor of the Will of William King, dec'd., having filed his petition, praying that a final settlement of the Estate of said dec'd. be made; and it appearing to my satisfaction that Hiram K. King, James M. Carter, and the heirs at law of Nancy Carter, dec'd., (number and names unknown), legal heirs and devisees of said William King, all reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that they appear in the Court of Ordinary, for Anderson District, on or before the 1st day of May next, to receive

Headquarters,  
ARMY OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES,  
February 11, 1865.  
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 2.  
IN entering upon the campaign about to open, General-in-Chief feels assured that the soldiers who have so long and so nobly borne the hardships and dangers of the war, require no exhortation to respond to the calls of honor and duty.  
With the liberty transmitted by their fathers they have inherited the spirit to defend it.  
The choice between war and abject submission is before them.  
To such proposals brave men, with arms in their hands, can have but one answer.  
They cannot barter manhood for peace, nor the right of self government for life or property.  
But justice to them requires a sterner admonition to those who have abandoned their comrades in the hour of peril.  
A last opportunity is offered them to wipe out the disgrace and escape the punishment of their crimes.  
By authority of the President of the Confederate States a pardon is announced to such deserters and men improperly absent, as shall return to the commands to which they belong within the shortest possible time, not exceeding twenty days from the publication of this order, at the Headquarters of the department in which they may be.  
Those who may be prevented by interruption of communication, may report within the time specified to the nearest enrolling officer or other officer on duty, to be forwarded as soon as practicable, and upon presenting a certificate from such officer showing compliance with this requirement, will receive the pardon hereby offered.  
Those who have deserted to the service of the enemy, or who have deserted after having been once pardoned for the same offenses, and those who shall desert, or absent themselves without authority, after the publication of this order, are excluded from its benefits. Nor does the offer of pardon extend to other offences than desertion and absence without permission.  
By the same authority, it is also declared that no general amnesty will again be granted, and those who refuse to accept the pardon now offered, or who shall hereafter desert or absent themselves without leave, shall suffer such punishment as the Courts may impose, and no application for clemency will be entertained.  
Taking new resolution from the fate which our enemies intend for us, let every man devote all his energies to the common defence.  
Our resources, wisely and vigorously employed, are ample, and with a brave army, sustained by a determined and united people, success, with God's assistance, cannot be doubtful.  
The advantages of the enemy will have but little value if it does not permit them to impair our resolution. Let us, then, oppose constancy to adversity, fortitude to suffering, and courage to danger, with the firm assurance that he who gave freedom to our fathers will bless the efforts of their children to preserve it.  
R. E. LEE, General.  
March 9, 1865 9 6

Headquarters,  
ARMY OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES,  
February 11th, 1865.  
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 3.  
THE discipline and efficiency of the army have been greatly improved by men leaving their proper commands to join others in which they find service more agreeable.  
This practice, almost as common in its consequences as the crime of desertion, by the Article of War, exposes the offender to a similar punishment, and subjects the officer receiving him to a dismissal from the army.  
It is therefore declared that the provisions of General Orders No. 2, of this date, from army headquarters, apply to such men as have left their proper commands and joined others without being regularly transferred. They will receive the pardon promised in that order upon complying with its conditions, or suffer the consequences attached to neglecting it.  
The names of such absentees will be forthwith reported to these headquarters by the officers with whom they are serving, and immediate measures taken to return them to their proper commands.  
As soon as practicable an inspection will be made and charges will be preferred against those who neglect to enforce this order.  
R. E. LEE, General.  
March 9, 1865 9 6

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
ANDERSON DISTRICT.  
IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.  
WHEREAS, John Harkins having filed his petition in writing in my Office, praying that a paper purporting to be the last will and testament of Hugh Harkins, dec'd., bearing date 12th January, 1862, may be proven in due form of law; and it appearing to my satisfaction, that the following heirs at law are absent without the limits of this State, viz: Martin Harkins, James Harkins, Hugh Harkins, John Harkins, Sarah Harkins, John A. Anderson and wife Margaret, and Mary Ann Lewis, Walter Harkins, if living, if not, his heirs at law, number and names unknown. Heirs at law of Andrew Harkins, dec'd., viz: William Harkins, John Harkins and Annie Harkins, if living, if not, their heirs at law, number and names unknown. Heirs at law of Jane McNair, name and number unknown. Heirs at law of Esther Moore, number and names unknown.  
It is therefore ordered that the above named parties do severally appear in the Court of Ordinary, for Anderson District, at Anderson Court House, on Thursday, the 18th day of May next, at which time the aforesaid paper will be tested to its legal validity and due execution.  
HERBERT HARMOND, C. E. A. D.  
Feb. 16, 1865 9 3m

JUST RECEIVED.  
BLUE STONE,  
CHROME GREEN,  
CHROME YELLOW,  
VENITIAN RED,  
SPANISH BROWN,  
EXTRACT LOGWOOD,  
STONE WARE.  
For Sale by  
W. S. KEESSE,  
Feb. 23, 1865.

Estray Notice.  
TOLDED before me, an estray grey MARE, man tail and legs rather black, nearly thirteen hands high, supposed to be nine or ten years old, slight marks of gear, and in very thin order; and it is priced at One Hundred Dollars. The owner requested to come forward, prove property, expenses and take her away.  
Said estray was taken up by Mrs. E. E. G. whose residence is on the Shadow Ford Road, miles from Anderson C. H., where said estray may be found.  
WM. RILEY, M. A.  
Feb. 9, 1865 2 1m

WALHALLA HOTEL.  
A. W. THOMPSON & CO., Proprietors.  
THIS House is open for the accommodation of traveling public. The table is supplied with the best market affords, and attentive servants employed to render visitors comfortable, are as reasonable as the times will admit.  
Feb. 2, 1865

HIDES! HIDES!  
THE undersigned will receive HID YARD, near Anderson C. H., until if payment is made in Bank.  
Feb. 9, 1865 2 2

Cotton  
To exchange for Bacon